

Local Place Planning

Reflections from the National Park Authority

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Communities and Place Planning Team

Loch Lomond and The Trossachs National Park

Population 14,700 Communities 21 Area 1,865km²

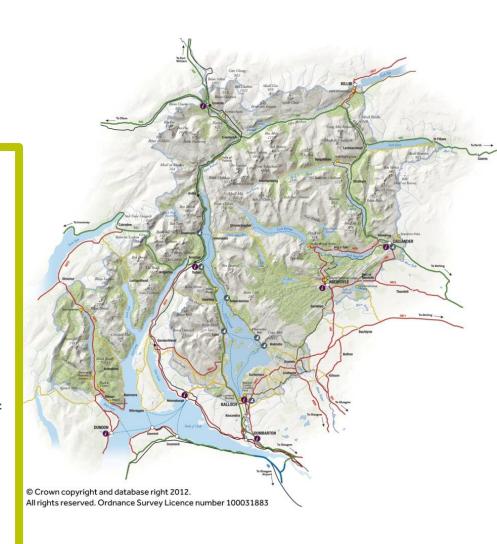
4 Statutory Aims

Conserve and enhance the **natural and cultural heritage**

Promote the sustainable use of the natural resources

Promote understanding and enjoyment of the special qualities (including recreation)

Promote sustainable economic and social development of communities





Communities & Planning Team

- Community development and capacity building
- Community-led influence and participation
- Community-led project delivery
- Local Place Plans
- National Park Partnership Plan
- New Local Development Plan & Land Use Framework
- Responding to national policies: Climate, nature, land reform, community benefit, CWB, empowerment...





Local Place Plans within the National Park

2020/21

- Early Pilots
- 4 communities
- Spatial considerations
- LPP community sounding board set up to help prepare LPP training event
- LPP training event for Community Councils and Development Trusts
- Identified staff resource and budget

2022

- Formal Invite to prepare sent to all communities
- Information on our website
- □In-kind technical support in mapping, engagement, process and planning to 8 communities
- funding so communities could choose to commission and manage their own specialist support.
- □Also tried to ensure communities thought more widely than they historically have on climate, nature, land, assets and enterprise.
- ☐Monitored, reviewed the LPP Programme

2023/24

- LPP preparation ongoing with 6 communities
- Drafted LPP validation procedures
- 4 LPP validated and on Public Register
- Retrospective validation for 4 communities
- LPP Advisory Group TofR
- Considering support to facilitate delivery of NPPP
- Considering delivery support, not just process to prepare
- Considering reporting framework
- Dilemma! 5 communities not yet started/unclear on intention to prepare

LPP Event Flyers







LPP workshop material





LPP summary of results

"Let the community get its village back.

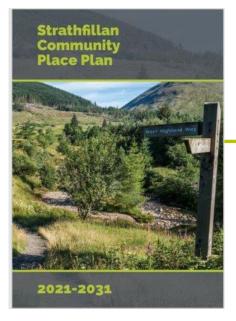
Lockdown was amazing, I met folks I had Figure 2. Results of the Callander Place Standard Survey 2022 This chart summarises how local people rate 14 aspects of living in Callander. iransport The scale for the chart runs from 0 (worst) to 7 (best). Feeling Safe better Work and local economy Callander

not seen/spoken to in years, locals started To conclude, we asked 'what do you want to happen in your community's future?' This is what you told us: "Visitors are here to stay and are a vital part of local economy however the numbers must be better managed. "Ban jet skis from the Loch" "Open and transparent engagement with locals. Finding and agreeing solutions to tackle our challenges arising from being a 'destination'

Luss and Arden

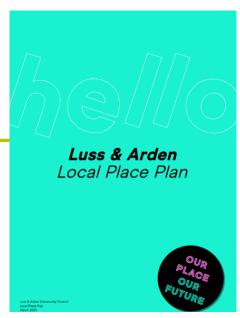
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OUR PLACE L13









The map below pinpoints places, issues and opportunities for improvement referenced within the plan.







 Mixed use site (MU2) as indicated in LLTTNP's Local Development

Green spaces identified in LLTNP's LDP 2017-2024

New proposal in our plan for an LLTTNP-identified green space

and that readers of our Place Plan should be reminded of some of its proposals.

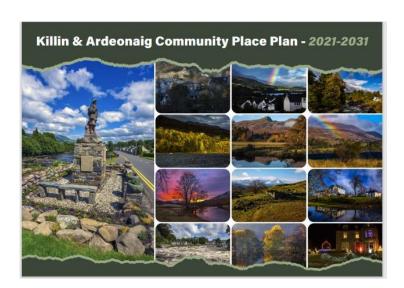
While Callander's landscape is open and beautiful, in or near the town centre

New proposal in our plan for green space not identified as such by LLTTNP

COMMUNITY VISION | 19

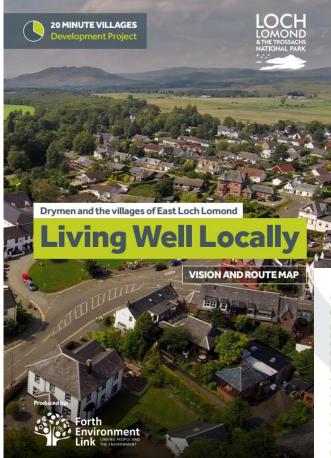
i.a Proposal number. Note that proposal numbers 1.i.a and 1.iv from the previous section are included to show how they complement this section's proposals.

there is very little suitable land available for play, team sports, recreation or large community gatherings. Where such land does remain unused, it has either been: purchased for development; designated





Local Place Plans – Drymen example





Working with Neighbouring Communities

Consulting with neighbouring communities and RSPB Loch Lomond for this plan has helped us understand the importance of facilities in Drymen, which are relied on by far more than just its residents, and the shared desire for improved connectivity between nearby villages



Action Plan: Environment, Climate & Nature

Current Situation:

Drymen is located in Loch Lomond and the Trossachs National. Park, just a few miles from the shores of Loch Lomond, and the beauty of its surrounding landscapes are highly valued by the community. Drymen is surrounded by a mixture of grazing pasture, commercial forestry, deciduous woodland and grazed moorland. Many of these habitats are already poor in terms of supporting biodiversity and are increasingly threatened by climate change. Conversely, sensitive management of the land surrounding Drymen can significantly increase its capacity to both support biodiversity and fight climate change.

Within the village there are some excellent initiatives to encourage wildlife and biodiversity, such as the wildflower verges and the orchard next to the football pitch.

The lack of public transport and safe active travel routes between Drymen and its neighbouring villages and cities means that there is currently a high level of reliance on private cars. As society transitions to electric cars, there will be a growing requirement for chargers, particularly for tourists visiting the village. There is currently no charging provision in Drymen.

While there are many keen cyclists (including e-bikers) within

encourage cyclists to visit Drymen, but the lack of safe routes needs to be addressed

from new houses with high energy efficiency ratings and heat pumps, back to 18th century solid wall cottages with poor levels of insulation and energy efficiency. Addressing these issues is becoming increasingly important, not just as an environmental issue but also to tackle the problem of high energy prices and fuel poverty.

There are currently no community scale renewable energy projects in the village. A small number of houses in the village have solar panels. However, there is potential to increase this number.

Food production has a significant carbon footprint. Within Drymen there are currently two initiatives to support more sustainable food production. There is a community vegetable garden and orchard located by the football pitch, and an online local food market, Neighbourfood, which allows customers to order food from local producers and collect weekly in the

Domestic waste management within the village includes fairly comprehensive recycling, although some specialist waste

implies cycle path between Drymen and Balmata idened leaking path alongside road between Drymen and Balmana.

sate a safe and direct walking/cycle path between Drymen and Balhon Hindroduction of a public transport link between Drymen and Reffron. thence Balmatha to Balloch bus service, to better link with trains and to stact connectivity for work and pleasure

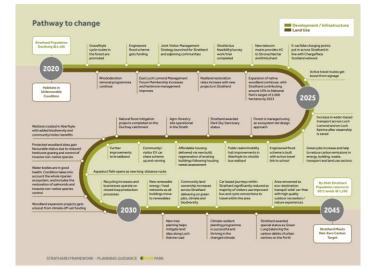
mate a walking/cycling route that connects Drymen with the RSPS serve and also Gartocham village.



Local Place Plans – Strathard Framework











Local Place Plans – Lochgoil Land Use



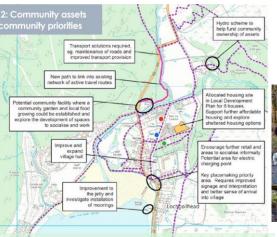
To protect and sensitively develop our natural assets, in order to build a socially diverse and economically sustainable community

On the western extremes of Loch Lomond and The Trossachs National Park, our small, coastal community is dominated by tourism and productive forestry. Maintaining and developing a community identity in this environment is our key challenge.

Specifically, our community vision is one where land use decisions:

- Are made with improved levels of influence with all stakeholders, both public and private sector, reflecting an empowered community, working collaboratively for greater socio-economic impact.
- Build resilience to climate change
- Promote improvements in biodiversity

- Recognise the social needs of the community, and secure land use for community facilities, including recreational, community housing and economic activity
- Build on the natural capital strengths of the area, facilitating outdoor activities, heritage preservation and eco-tourism opportunities



River Walk



Supporting Atlantic Salmon





After: Protected by green revetment

Community Action Plan 2018-23



Local Place Plans – our thoughts so far!

Working well ...

National Park context- working well

Strong legacy
Community Action
Plans

Relationship building for us with communities

Relationship building within and between communities

Empowering

Golden opportunity for us to engage at this stage

"Local Framing Drives Engagement"

(The Climate Commons: How Communities Can Thrive in a Climate Changing World (IPPR, March 2021)



Local Place Plans – our thoughts so far!

Working less well...

All different – good thing but **content** varies

Support generally needed on **spatial elements**

Support needed on data and stats, wider policy context

Limited staff time and resource and **capacity** for some communities

How to encourage community consideration of new national or important NP issues?

Still tendency to be inward looking when some common issues better addressed at wider area-based level



Local Place Plans – thoughts on process

Funding Empowers

Community capacity?
Consultants?
Variable costs

Funding Contracts

Enable our involvement and influence

Balancing Purpose

Planning vs community expectations

Mapping

GIS offer Mapping software Bespoke support

LDP Timeline

Slipping, so changing LPP submission date

Cross Boundary

Validation issues for communities and other planning authorities



Local Place Plans – thoughts on process

How to Submit the Local Place Plan to Loch Lomond and The Trossachs National Park (Planning) Authority

Before LPP Submission

Before submitting a Proposed Local Place Plan (LPP) to the planning authority for validation and registration, the community body must send a copy of the proposed LPP and an Information Notice to:

- a) each councillor for the local place plan area,
- a community council (CC) any part of whose area is within, or adjoins, the LPP area (see <u>CC Boundary map on this webpage</u>).

The Information Notice must include:

- a) a brief description of the content and purpose of the proposed local place plan detailing any specific proposals and their potential impacts,
- information as to how and to whom any representations on the content of the proposed local place plan should be made and the date by which they should be made
- c) The date by which representations should be made must be a date which is not less than 28 days after the date on which the notice is sent.

A template Information Notice is set out in Appendix 1, below.

Submission Statement to the Planning Authority

Once the 28-day consultation with councillors and CCs is over, and any relevant amendments to the LPP have been incorporated, the Proposed LPP can then be submitted to the planning authority for validation and registration. It must be submitted with the following information:

- a) A copy of the written constitution of the community body (if the local place plan is submitted by a community body which is a community-controlled body (as defined in section 19 of the Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015).).
- b) The contact details for the community body.
- c) A copy of the Information Notice containing the all the information outlined above
- A statement explaining how the community body has, in preparing the LPP, had regard to:
 - i. the local development plan for the LPP area,

- An estimation of the number of interests of people/organisations involved (that would be in a survey or workshop).
- · A summary of the views expressed in both support and opposition
- ii. the basis on which the community body has reached that view, including a description of any consultation by the community body in respect of the proposed local place plan.
- g) a copy of any document which is referred to in the local place plan (other than a document which is prepared or published by the planning authority to whom the local place plan is submitted).

A Sample Submission Statement is in Appendix 2, below.

Submission Support
Validation checklist
Information Notice
Submission statement
Retrospective
validation

[Text in red to be amended for each LPP]

Local Place Plan Officer Validation Check List:

XXX Local Place Plan 2023-32

Link to xxx LPP

	Checks Satisfactory (Yes/No/N/A)	and Place Planning Manager Checks Satisfactory (Yes/No/N/A)
cionificance to the local		

Local Place Plans - more process thoughts

Registration/Sharing
NPA Board, Staff
Other stakeholders





Local Place Plan Register

This is the official Local Place Plan Register. This is where a Plan has been submitted and validated under the Local Place Plan Regulations.

On this webpage (below the map), you can also find information on:

- · Links to all the Community Action Plans and Place Plans in the National Park.
- How registered Local Place Plans link to the Local Development Plan?
- What is the Local Development Plan timeline and when is the deadline to submit a Place Plan?
- · What happens if you miss this deadline?
- * Local Place Plan Support Enquiry Form download.

The <u>Local Place Plan Regulations 2021</u> require planning authorities to establish, maintain and publish a register of Local Place Plans and to make information about them available so that people can see if there is a Local Place Plan in their area. Specifically, the register must contain a copy of the Local Place Plan and a copy of the information submitted alongside it. For a Local Place Plan to be registered as valid it must comply with the very specific requirements set out in the legislation and which are more easily explained in <u>Scottish Government Circular 1/2022 – Local Place Plans</u>. Subject to these requirements being satisfied, the planning authority must register the Local Place Plan and inform the submitting body.

Register:

Monitoring

LPP Delivery Plans?
Scot Gov 7-yr Review?
Co-design system?



Local Place Plans – future

Working on ...

Continued support to LPPs with limited staff capacity and budget?

How to encourage and enable LPPs to say more on climate and CWB opportunities?

LPP role in land-use decision-making and Green Finance?

LPPs as evidence for Asset Transfers or CRtB?

Weight given to LPP in decision making pre-new LDP and if LPP refreshed after LDP2?

How to support place-based delivery of LPPs?

still learning...





Local Place Plans can have a key role for:

- Climate
- Nature
- Land Use within & around communities
- Community Empowerment
- Wealth Building & Social Enterprise





Thanks for Listening!



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